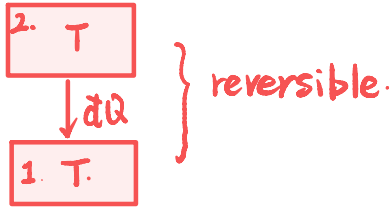


2-3 heat flow between coupled sys.



$$dU = \underbrace{dQ}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ T}} + \underbrace{dW}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ -P}}$$

$$U = U(S, V)$$

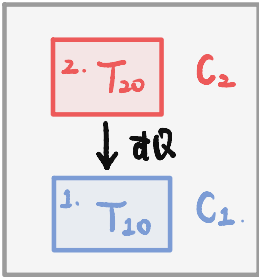
$$dU = \underbrace{\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ T}} \cdot dS + \underbrace{\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ -P}} \cdot dV$$

$$\Delta S = \Delta S_1 + \Delta S_2$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{dQ}{T_1}}_{\substack{= \\ T}} + \underbrace{\frac{(-dQ)}{T_2}}_{\substack{= \\ T}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow dQ = T \cdot dS \Rightarrow dS = \frac{dQ}{T}$$

How about two different temperatures?



$$T_{20} > T_{10}$$

$$dS_1 = \frac{dQ_1}{T_1} = \frac{C_1 dT_1}{T_1}$$

↳ Energy conservation:

$$\rightarrow \Delta U = 0 = \int_{T_{20}}^{T_f} C_1 dT_1 + \int_{T_{20}}^{T_f} C_2 dT_2 = 0$$

⇒ Entropy change:

$$\rightarrow \Delta S_{\text{total}} = \underbrace{\int_{T_{20}}^{T_f} \frac{C_1 dT_1}{T_1}}_{\Delta S_1} + \underbrace{\int_{T_{20}}^{T_f} \frac{C_2 dT_2}{T_2}}_{\Delta S_2} \quad ?$$

$$1) \rightarrow C_1 (T_f - T_{10}) + C_2 (T_f - T_{20}) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow T_f = \frac{C_1 T_{10} + C_2 T_{20}}{C_1 + C_2}$$

$$2) \rightarrow \Delta S = C_1 \ln \frac{T_f}{T_{10}} + C_2 \ln \frac{T_f}{T_{20}} = \ln \left(\frac{T_f^{C_1+C_2}}{T_{10}^{C_1} T_{20}^{C_2}} \right)$$

> 0
 or $= 0$

$$> 1 \text{ or } = 1$$

$$T_f \text{ vs. } T_{10}^{\frac{C_1}{C_1+C_2}} T_{20}^{\frac{C_2}{C_1+C_2}}$$

$$\left(\frac{T_f}{T_{10}^{\frac{C_1}{C_1+C_2}} T_{20}^{\frac{C_2}{C_1+C_2}}} \right)^{C_1+C_2}$$

It turns out

$$\Rightarrow \Delta S_{\text{total}} > 0$$

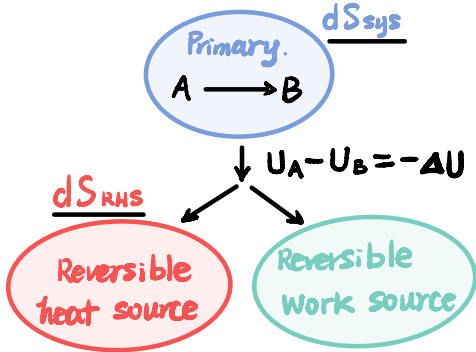
*. Heat flow only occurs from High T to low T.
& is irreversible.

2nd Law of thermodynamics.

*. S of one of subsys could decrease.
whereas the other increases

$$\rightarrow \text{i.e., } \Delta S_{\text{total}} > 0$$

3. Maximum Work theorem.



*. $A \rightarrow B$. delivery of W (Q) is maximized (minimized) for a reversible process.

1) rigid wall

2) impermeable.

3) Quasi-Static

1) Adiabatic wall

2) impermeable.

3) Quasi-Static.

Postulate II: Entropy maximum principle.

$$dS_{\text{total}} = dS_{\text{sys}} + \frac{dQ_{\text{RHS}}}{T_{\text{RHS}}} \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{\text{RHS}} dS_{\text{sys}} + \underline{dQ_{\text{RHS}}} \geq 0$$

1) Energy conservation:

$$dU_{\text{sys}} + \underline{dQ_{\text{RHS}}} + dW_{\text{RWS}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{\text{RHS}} dS_{\text{sys}} - dU_{\text{sys}} - dW_{\text{RWS}} \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow dW_{\text{RWS}} \leq T_{\text{RHS}} dS_{\text{sys}} - dU_{\text{sys}}$$

if $dW_{RWS} > 0$, then dW_{RWS} is maximized at equality
 i.e., $dS_{total} = 0$ sign.

Furthermore. $dW_{RWS} = T_{RHS} dS_{sys} - dU_{sys}$

$$= T_{RHS} \frac{dQ_{sys}}{T_{sys}} - \frac{dU_{sys}}{\downarrow}$$

$$\Rightarrow dW_{RWS} = T_{RHS} \frac{dQ_{sys}}{T_{sys}} - dQ_{sys} - dW_{sys}$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{T_{RHS}}{T_{sys}}\right) (-dQ_{sys}) + (-dW_{sys})$$

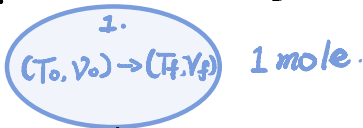
i.e. maximum work comes from

1) a fraction of heat directly extracted from sys.

$$\left(1 - \frac{T_{RHS}}{T_{sys}}\right)$$

2) the work $(-dW_{sys})$ directly extracted from sys.

Example. vdW. Sys.



Q: what's the max work?

Ans: 1) Energy conservation.

$$\Delta U_1 + Q_2 + W_3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta S_{total} = 0 = \Delta S_1 + \Delta S_2$$

↑
Heat capacity: $C_2(T) = D T$
↓
const.

For vdW Sys. (see. obj #4-4-2)

we know:

$$\begin{cases} S = NR \ln [(V-b)(u+a/V)^c] + S_0 \\ \frac{1}{T} = \frac{cR}{u+a/V} \rightarrow u = CRT - a/V \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \Delta S_1 = R \ln \left(\frac{V_f - b}{V_0 - b} \right) + cR \ln \frac{T_f}{T_0} \\ \Delta U_1 = CR(T_f - T_0) - \left(\frac{a}{V_f} - \frac{a}{V_0} \right) \end{cases}$$

⇒ For sys 2.

$$Q_2 = \int_{T_{20}}^{T_{2f}} C_2(T) dT = \int_{T_{20}}^{T_{2f}} DT dT = \frac{1}{2} D (T_{2f}^2 - T_{20}^2)$$

$$\Delta S_2 = \int_{T_{20}}^{T_{2f}} \frac{C_2(T) dT}{T} = D (T_{2f} - T_{20})$$

$\Delta S_{total} = \Delta S_1 + \Delta S_2 = 0 \rightarrow$ max W condition.

$$\rightarrow R \ln \frac{(V_f - b)}{(V_0 - b)} + cR \ln \frac{T_f}{T_0} + D (T_{2f} - T_{20}) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow T_{2f} = T_{20} - \frac{R}{D} \ln \left(\frac{V_f - b}{V_0 - b} \right) - \frac{cR}{D} \ln \frac{T_f}{T_0}$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta U_1 + Q_2 + W_3 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow W_3 = -Q_2 - \Delta U_1 = \frac{1}{2} D (T_{20}^2 - T_{2f}^2) - CR(T_f - T_0) - \left(\frac{a}{V_f} - \frac{a}{V_0} \right)$$

Max work